TWENTY-FIRST

Annual Report

OF THE

PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS

TO THE

Stockholders

OF THE

PHILADELPHIA, WILMINGTON & BALTIMORE Bail Boad Company,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING NOVEMBER 30, 1858.

MADE JANUARY 10th, 1859.

PHILADELPHIA:

BRYSON'S PRINTING ROOMS, 2 North Sixth Street.

1859.



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OFFICERS ELECTED FOR 1859.

PRESIDENT.

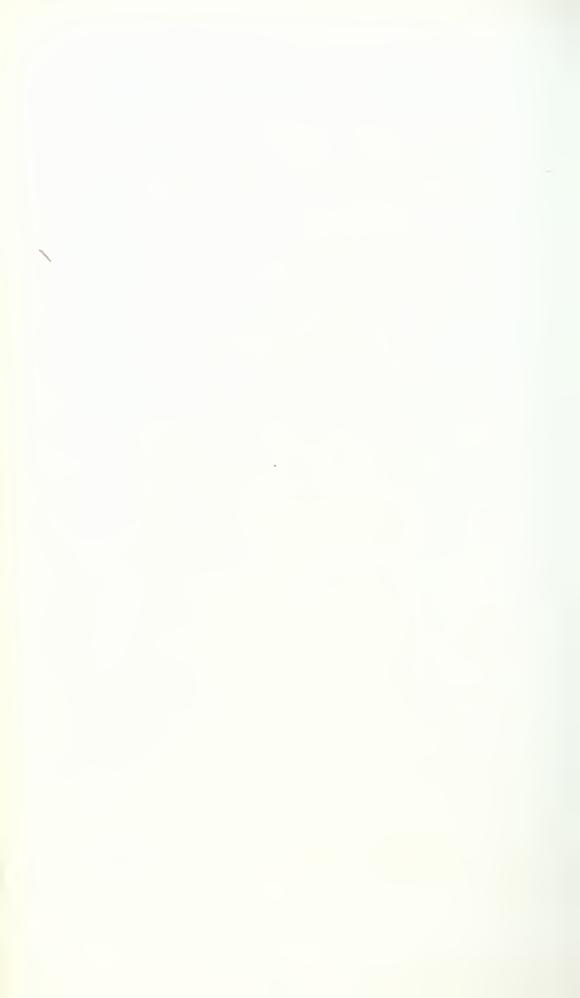
SAMUEL M. FELTON.

DIRECTORS.

MONCURE ROBINSON,
WM. LYTTLETON SAVAGE
JOSEPH C. GILPIN,
JOHN A. DUNCAN,
JESSE LANE,
WM. W. CORCORAN,
FREDERICK A. CURTIS,
JOHN C. GROOME,
J. I. COHEN, JR.
THOMAS KELSO,
COLUMBUS O'DONNELL,
ENOCH PRATT,
THOMAS DONALDSON,
EDWARD AUSTIN.

SECRETARY AND TREASURER.

ALFRED HORNER.



TWENTY-FIRST ANNUAL REPORT.

1858.

Office of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Rail Road Company,

Wilmington, Jan. 10th, 1859.

The Directors respectfully submit to the Stockholders of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Rail Road Company, the following statement of its operations for the year ending November 30th, 1858.

REVENUE OF THE PHILADELPHIA, WILMINGTON AND BALTIMORE RAILROAD,

From	Passengers,	-	•	-	\$763,579	55	
4.6	Freight and Expre	SS, -	-		251,542	51	
6 6	Rents, -	-	•	-	-16,389	15	
6.6	Mails and Miscella	neous,	-		44,451	24	
Total	Revenue P. W. &	B. R. R	•	-		<u>\$1,075,962</u>	45
REVENU	E, New Castle and	Frencht	own I	ine,			
From	Passengers,	-	-	-	10,308	02	
6.6	Freight and Expres	ss, -	-		8,545	40	
66	Rents, Mail and M	iscellane	ous,	-	1,031	28	
Total	Revenue, N. C. &	F. T. Li	ne			19,884	70
Total	Revenue of both L	ines,	-	-		\$1,095,847	15

EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR,

Interest on Bonded Debt, Ground Rents, &c., less interest received. - - \$160,000 00

All Expenditures of the Phila., Wilm. & Balt.		
R. R., including maintenance of way, re-		
newals and construction of all new work, 461,584 65		
Expenditures of the New Castle & French-		
town Line, 13,295 49		
Taxes and Bonus to State of Delaware and		
New Castle County 11,000 00		
Appropriated to renewals on Philadelphia,		
Wilmington and Baltimore Rail Road. 50,000 00		
Appropriated to renewals of New Castle		
and Frenchtown Line 10,000 00		
Total Expenditures of all kinds including		
Taxes, Bonus to State of Delaware and		
New Castle Co., Interest Construction and		
	\$705,880	14
Add Loss in operating the Delaware Road.	45,814	
The state of the s		
Which deducted from the Westell of Demands James and	\$751,694	36
Which deducted from the Total of Revenue, leaves nett	8944 150	70
Revenue	\$344,152	19
1858, a Dividend of two per cent 112,000 00		
October 1st, 1858, a Div. of three per cent. 168,000 00		
October 18t, 1030, a DIV. of three per cent. 100,000 00	\$280,000	00
Balance of Revenue unappropriated and undivided for		
the year.	\$64,152	79
It will be seen that the operating Expenses on the Phila-		
delphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Rail Road, to-		
gether with Renewals and construction of all New Work; in fact every expenditure of every kind, for this		
year, have been but 43 per eent, of the Revenue.		
The value of wood, wood lots, and materials on hand for		
future use, and paid for November 30, 1858, was -	. \$105.00Q	30
	φ100,000	30
THE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES for the Year ending		
Nov. 30th, 1857, were as follows:—		
Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Rail Road.		
From Passengers 775,615 43 " Freight and Express 284,371 19		
'' Rents 10,018 52		
" Mails and Miseellaneous 43,905 84		
	51 110 010	00
	91,119,910	90
REVENUE New Castle and Frenchtown Line.		
From Passengers 15,337 14		
" Freight and Express 7,964 09		
"Rents, Mails, Miscellaneous 640 48	@ G O O 47	17.1
Total Revenue N. C. and F. R. R.	\$23,941	71
Total Revenue of both Lines \$	1,143,852	69

EXPENDITURES for the year of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Rail Road, including maintenance of way, renewals, Interest, &c., &c 621,608 43 Expenditure of the N. C. & F. R. R., including
Taxes and Bonus to the State of Delaware
and New Castle County 38,890 36
Appropriated to renewals, P., W. & B. R. R. 50,000 00
" N. C. & F. R. R. 10,000 00
Total Expenses of all kinds, on both Lines, including Taxes and Bonus to the State of Delaware and New Castle County, Interests. Renewals. Loss on Delaware Rail Road 44,418 31
Total of the above, \$764,917 10
Besides the foregoing there was Expended in
1857, and charged to Renewals 10,000 00
Also, to Construction 92,129 72
Total Expenditures including loss on the Del-
aware Road, and appropriations to Renewals
for 1857 \$867,046 82
The total of Expenditures, interest, Renewals and loss the Delaware Rail

Road has been \$115,352 46 less in 1858 than in 1857.

The loss in Revenue of 1858 as compared with 1857, has been \$48,005 54. In 1858 every thing belonging to the year has been charged to expenses, including Renewals, and Construction, of all new work, and there has been appropriated to Renewals, \$60 000, none of which has been expended, so that the nett results of the business of 1858 are \$404,152 79, or a surplus more than has been expended and divided of \$124,152 79.

During the year the Delaware Rail Road has contributed to the revenue of the New Castle and Frenchtown, New Castle and Wilmington and the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Rail

\$66,627	ad	97
	from this the loss in operating the]	
	and there remains to the Philad.,	
	a. & Balt. Rail Road, as a compensation	
45,814	oing the business from the Delaware Rail	22
	over the New Castle & Frenchtown,	
	Castle & Wilm. and the Philadelphia,	
\$20,813	nington and Baltimore Rail Road	75
70 11 70		_

\$20.813 75

Most of the above business from the Delaware Rail Road, has been accommodated in the regular trains of the Philadelphia Wilmington and Baltimore and New Castle & Wilmington Roads.

The results of the business from the Delaware Rail Road would have been much more favorable the past year, had it not been for an almost entire failure of both the Corn and Wheat Crops. These crops have now been cut off for two years in succession and thus disappointed the hopes of the people and diminished largely the revenue of the Road. Should the crops of the next year be equal to the general average, the revenue of the Delaware Rail Road, will fall but little, if any, short of paying the running expenses and the interest on its cost. Whenever this takes place, the Delaware Rail Road will be a source of profit to this Road, from the business it will bring to it, instead of being a burden as now.

It was stated in the Report of last year, that Improvement Bonds amounting to \$144,000, would fall due April 1st, 1858. These were promptly paid at maturity by taking the Revenuc in anticipation of Funds to be realized from a new Loan payable July 1st, 1884. This new loan was authorized by the Stockholders, in order to provide means to pay off the Loan due July 1st, 1860, amounting to

- \$2,161,776 05

Also the Improvement Bonds before referred to due April

1st, 1858, - - - - - 144,000 00

Also, second series of improvment bonds, due

May 1st, 1863, - - - - - 119,000 00

Making the Total of - - \$\frac{1}{5}2,424,776 05\$

This new loan not to exceed \$2,600,000 was offered in exchange to the holders of the loan, due July 1st, 1860, and others at 95 per cent. bearing interest at six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

Up to November 30th, 1858, there was taken of this new loan, on the above terms, - - - \$1,696,500 00

Add to this the amount of New Loan equivalent to the old, held by the State of Delaware, now awaiting the comfirmation of the Legislature by recommendation of the Governor. \$85,000 00

Also amount disposed of since November 30th, 227,000 00

And the amount of new loan disposed of,

to the date of this Report, will be - \$2,008,500 00

With this amount of new Loan disposed of the Company could easily and without embarrassment provide for the balance required for the old at, or before maturity, from its surplus Revenue and the proceeds of the sales of its real estate and other property not required for the use of the Road. But in order that there should be no possible contingency about it, we have arranged with parties of the highest responsibility in the country to take at 95 per eent. whatever balance there may be, if any remaining required to liquidate the old. It is hardly probable, however, as the second series of Improvement Bonds, does not fall due till May 1st, 1863, that we shall find it necessary to place any more than has now been disposed of.

This new loan being secured by a Mortgage on a property worth at least three times the amount of the Loan, and by a sinking fund beginning with forty thousand dollars, in 1860, and forty-two thousand in 1861, and so on, increasing every year by the sum of two thousand dollars, which Sinking Fund must be used in the purchase and cancellation of the loan, at the market price and in no other way, has been regarded, and is in reality, one of the most desirable securities in the country, and will always command a high price, augmenting every year, as the amount of the loan diminishes. The peculiar operation of the sinking Fund should place it at least ten per cent higher in the market, than the same loan without a sinking fund.

This Road, after many reverses and struggles, may now confidently be ranked among the Roads that are certain to pay dividends of six per cent. annually, with the necessary appropriation, to the Sinking Fund and a handsome surplus for contingencies. Its position is now a strong one, and its strength will annually improve, as its ability to make dividends and lay up a surplus is more fully demonstrated.— Its policy will be to make no larger dividends than it can be certain of maintaining, together with the appropriation to the sinking fund, and

st February, 1859,

The New Loan issued amounts to \$2,009.500 excluve of the State of Delaware.

turing them. About one half of the Iron for relaying the Road was manufactured in England under a guarantee of superior quality and subject to a rigid inspection here. About 4,500 tons, manufactured by Bailey, Brothers & Co. in 1851 and 1852, turned out to be a superior Iron. A careful inspection of the condition of this Iron as it now remains in the Track, together with an account of the number of bars that have been taken out, shews an average deterioration of 8^{63}_{100} per cent. per annum, or a duration equal to 11^{58}_{100} years. The Montour (American Iron purchased in the early part of 1851.) about 1,000 tons has proved to be of a very superior quality,

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at, or before maturity, from its surplus Revenue and the proceeds of the sales of its real estate and other property not required for the use of the Road. But in order that there should be no possible contingency about it, we have arranged with parties of the highest responsibility in the country to take at 95 per cent. whatever balance there may be, if any remaining required to liquidate the old. It is hardly probable, however, as the second series of Improvement Bonds, does not fall due till May 1st, 1863, that we shall find it necessary to place any more than has now been disposed of.

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This Road, after many reverses and struggles, may uow confidently be ranked among the Roads that are certain to pay dividends of six per cent. annually, with the necessary appropriation, to the Sinking Fund and a handsome surplus for contingencies. Its position is now a strong one, and its strength will annually improve, as its ability to make dividends and lay up a surplus is more fully demonstrated.— Its policy will be to make no larger dividends than it can be certain of maintaining, together with the appropriation to the sinking fund, and also a surplus sufficient to provide for all reasonable emergencies. A property thus managed, must every year gain in the confidence of the public.

NEW IRON AND NEW WORK.

Within less than eight years, the whole Track between Philadelphia and Baltimore, has been relaid with various kinds of T Iron, of both English and American manufacture. With a view of ascertaining its average, we have had every bar on the whole Road examined by an experienced Inspector. There is no question that the Rails manufactured in England, in the early days of Rail Roads, were the best that have ever been laid down; but as the demand on this side increased, and the price diminished by strong competition, the English Iron rapidly degenerated, till finally many lots were sent here that were not worth the expense of laying down. A good portion of the material used was from the cinder beds and refuse of the establishments manufacturing them. About one half of the Iron for relaying the Road was manufactured in England under a guarantce of superior quality and subject to a rigid inspection here. About 4,500 tons, manufactured by Bailey, Brothers & Co. in 1851 and 1852, turned out to be a superior Iron. A careful inspection of the condition of this Iron as it now remains in the Track, together with an account of the number of bars that have been taken out, shows an average deterioration of 863 per cent. per annum, or a duration equal to 11⁵⁸ years. The Montour (American Iron purchased in the carly part of 1851,) about 1,000 tons has proved to be of a very superior quality,

and exhibits a durability of 1265 years. That of the same manufacture purehased in 1852, about 1,500 tons was not so good, and exhibits a durability of 9% years. A lot purehased of Reeves, Abbott & Co., from Safe Harbor, in 1852, exhibits an average durability of 9 greats. A portion of this last Iron, however, about $\frac{3}{4}$ of a mile of Track has proved to be the best Iron on the Road, exhibiting a durability of 15,4 years. A lot of English Iron delivered in 1854, purchased of Losh, Wilson & Bell, of New Castle has proved to be the poorest Iron on the Road, exhibiting a durability of only 41 years. There are many things, however, to affect the wear of Iron, which are not apparent to a easual observer. dry and well ballasted Road-Bed, with adequate drainage at all times and with good and abundant eross-tries and joint fastenings, always kept in adjustment, will show a durability at least twice as great as when laid on a Road bed of common earth or elay, with ordinary cross ties and joint fastenings and inadequate drainage. As there is no Road in this country equally well ballasted and drained in all its parts and none having every where the same character of cross-ties and joint fastenings, so the durability of Iron will vary on its different sections. The material of our Road-bed varies considerably, though it is generally very good and well drained. This variation in Road-bed may account for the various degrees of durability of the Iron to some extent. Nevertheless, in our ease there is a sufficient margin to enable us to decide upon the preferable Iron with accuracy.

For two or three years past we have laid down wholly American Iron. either from the Montour works, or from the establishment of Reeves, Buck & Co., weighing fifty pounds per lineal yard, instead of Iron of sixty and sixty-five pounds per yard, as formerly. We save in the material, and eonsequently in first cost, twenty or thirty per cent. The quality and the manufacture of the light Iron is superior to the heavy Iron, and thus a more uniform Rail is secured. This Iron has not been laid sufficiently long to enable us to estimate, with entire accuracy, its durability. Light Iron of this kind requires a more eareful preparation of the Road-bed, more perfect drainage, and adjustment of the joint fastenings, and about twenty-five per eent. more cross-ties. Laid in this way, it will probably be found as durable, or more so, than a Rail of sixty cr sixty-five pounds per yard. A fair estimate of the average durability of the Iron, based upon the experience of this Road, is ten years, or in other words, we must lay ten miles of new Track annually to keep the Road up in a state of entirely reliable efficiency. This will require about 800 tons of new Iron, that ean now be obtained in exchange for old at a difference of twenty dollars per ton. The average durability of eross-ties is about seven years. The Track requires, if laid with light Iron, about 35 000 cross-ties per year on our Road, and if laid with heavy Iron, about 30.500 per year. These are now bought at an average of $27\frac{1}{2}$ eents each. The eost of relaying one mile of Track, is \$400. Cost of spikes and joint fastenings, castings and switches, six hundred dollars. The cost of these several items per year, would be at present prices, \$36,450. The cost of labor in adjusting ditching, inspecting Track, together with all other items not cnumerated above, will be about two hundred and fifty dollars per mile, or about \$25,000 annually. An expenditure, therefor, in labor and materials of \$61,450 annually, should keep our Track in a state of high repair and efficiency. During the past year there have been relaid twelve miles and forty-two hundredths of a mile, besides many Rails have been cut off and new joint fastenings furnished in other parts of the Track. In relaying which, and in the repairs of Road, there have been used 45,225 cross-ties.

In the year 1852, the relaying of the entire Track between Wilmington and Baltimore was completed, so that the year 1853 was commenced with a T Rail, for the entire distance between Philadelphia and Baltimore. The distance hetween Wilmington and Philadelphia was laid down prior to 1852. For the last six years, or since the T Rail Track was completed, there has been expended on the Track an average of \$64,210 00 annually, or a sum as will be seen from the foregoing amply sufficient to provide for repairs, depreciations and renewals.

The other new work finished during the year has been the abutment of Port Deposite stone at Grays Ferry Bridge, shortening the South Span to 90 feet; a new Track Scale at Philadelphia, for weighing heavy articles such as loaded Cars, Locomotives, &c.; new Pit in the Engine House at Philadelphia: a new Cattle Yard at the Bell Road, occupying four acres with a Side Line, 1300 feet long, and ample Pens for the accommodation of a large trade; an Iron Bridge over the deep cut near Grays Ferry; thirteen new Cattle, Guards and small culverts on different parts of the Road; a large culvert of two spans of 11 feet each; the front of the Freight House at Chester, has been taken down and rebuilt with a new foundation; a small Station House at Holly Oak, with the necessary platforms; an additional huilding for the accommodation of the Grain business, at Elkton. At Naaman's Creek the abutments for two Bridges have been built and are now ready for the superstructure. A new Draw has been put in at Brandywine Bridge, and the whole structure thoroughly repaired. At Perryville, the old Bridge over the Rail Road has been taken down and replaced by one of shorter span. Extensive repairs have been made to the Docks on both sides of the River. At Havre-de-Grace, the old Truss Bridges over the Rail Road have been rehuilt. Bush and Gunpowder Bridges have heen carefully examined and renewed wherever found at all defective. Decks and other wood work on the Iron Ferry Boat have been thoroughly overhauled and renewed wherever found defective. The Engine House and Machine Shop at Baltimore spoken of in the last Report, have been finished.

CARS AND ENGINES, &c.

Since our last Report there have been added to the stock of Cars, two 8 wheel Baggage Cars; two 8 wheel Market Cars; four 8 wheel Freight Cars, and two 4 wheel Road Cars, and there have been broken up during the

same time as unfit for use four old Passenger Cars and seven Freight Those on hand at the date of the last Report, have been kept in a good state of repair, excepting the few old ones that have been broken up. Two old Engines have been sold, and one new one, the Henry Clay, a coal burner, bought. Besides a new coal burning boiler has been put into the Freight Engine Samson. The Engines are in good order and ample for the work of the Road for the present. They have performed their service the last year in a manner that challenges comparison. freedom from aeeidents to persons and property, does great eredit to all the departments of service on the Road. The whole amount of damage by aeeidents to the Cars, Engines and structures of the Road for the year, has been only \$661-61, and no Passenger, while in the Cars of the Company, is known to have received any personal injury. The losses and damages paid on a Freight business, amounting to \$251,542 53, have been There has been no loss or damage by fire to any structure or any property belonging to the Company, or where the Company was a responsible agent. Not a single wheel or axle on any Car or Engine belonging to the Company has been broken while in service on our Road, for the entire year. There have been two or three Rails broken by the passage of Trains, but they have all been diseovered prior to the passage of any other Train and resulted in no damage whatever. Out of 1,982 connecting Mail Trains, but 13 have failed to eonneet with the adjoining Roads, during the year. There was one entire month when not a single Train on the Road failed to make its regular running time.

COAL BURNING.

The experiment in eoal burning still continues to be entirely successful. The Dimpfel Engine Daniel Webster has run during the year, 32,786 miles.

Cost of Coal eonsumed,	\$1,973.15
" Wood for kindling,	167.70
Total eost for Fuel,	2,140.85
Cost per mile run, 6_{100}^{52} eents.	
Cost of Repairs per mile run including new sett	
of tomas in Nomember 54 conta	

of tyres in November, 5^4_{10} eents.

The Train run was the great Express Train between Philadelphia and the Susquehanna River, down, and the night Line up. Average speed down while in motion, including slow running in the eities, twenty-eight and a half miles per hour. Speed up, while in motion, twenty-three miles per hour. Average number of Cars down, nine and a half, average number of Cars up 10.

The Dimpfel Engine Henry Clay came on the Road May 21, 1858, and a part of the time has run the Express Train up and the night Line down, a part of the time the Mail Train both ways, and while the Webster was off for repairs, the Express Train down and the night Line up.

Total number of miles run, to November 30, 1858, 18,469 miles.

Cost of Coal consumed, - " Wood for kindling, -	-	•	-	-	\$1,037 50
Total cost of fuel, Cost per mile run, 6_{100}^{17} cents.					

Cost per mile run for Repairs 219 cents.

The Dimpfel Engine Christiana has run the Accommodation Train between Wilmington and Philadelphia, and the Stone Train between Gray's Ferry and Broad and Prime Streets. This is an old Engine, the boiler of which was rebuilt about three and a half years since, as a coal burner.—The cylinders of this Engine are in bad proportion.

T	otal number of miles run,		-		-		-		-		15,875 miles.
C	ost of Coal consumed,	-		-		-		-		•	\$1,079 40
	" Wood for kindling,		-		•		-		-		138 45
	otal cost of Fuel, -	-		-		-		-		-	\$1,217 85
C	lost per mile run, 7_{100}^{66} .										

Cost per mile run for Repairs 36 cents.

During the past year experiments were made with the Fire-brick arch applied to our wood burning Engines, for the purpose of burning coal. The fire boxes proved to be too contracted, and the water spaces too small for success, and after repeated trials the thing was abandoned. Subsequently, the plan devised by Mr. Bullock, master mechanic on the Old Colony Road, was tried, and thus far has proved a more successful experiment. The Engine altered was the Morris, a first class wood-burning Engine. It has run with the following results:

Number of miles run, from August 1st, to Nov. 30th, 5,122 miles.

Cost of Coal consumed,	-		-		-		-		-		\$506	71
" Wood for kindling,		-		-		-		-		-	56	55
Total cost of Fuel, -	-		-		-		-		-		563	26
Cost per mile run, 10 ²⁹ cent	s.											

The work done by the Morris has been 3964 miles on Freight and 1158 miles on Passengers, for this reason it cannot well be compared with that done by the Webster, Clay, or Christiana. There has been a considerable saving however as compared with wood. The Engine Samson has not yet come out of the shop, and no statistics of her performance can be given.

NEW RAILROAD CONNECTIONS.

During the last year the connection to Memphis, by way of Lynchburg, Virginia, has been finished, and an extensive Through Ticket system has been devised by the different Roads to go into operation as soon as the necessary arrangements can be made. This system commences at New York and Philadelphia and extends to New Orleans, and all intermediate points of magnitude. At New Orleans it will connect with California by

the Tchuantepec Line, lately opened, and will ultimately command a large travel from that direction. It extends also South to Charleston South Carolina, Augusta and Atlanta Georgia, and Montgomery Alabama. From Charleston it will extend to Havanna by Steamer. Within the coming year a Rail Road from Fernandina, on the Atlantic coast of Florida, to Cedar Keys, on the Gulf of Mexico, will be finished, which, by being eonneeted with Charleston by Steamer, will form a very desirable route to Havana, to Aspinwall and all the Isthmus erossings, and to Mobile and New Orlcans. There is also a Rail Road in a state of forwardness from Montgomery Alabama, to Pensacola, which will command a large Northern and Southern travel and trade, and which will connect with our Road by way of both Lynchburg Virginia, and Wilmington North Carolina. tion of the great tide of travel which has hitherto gone Seaward, will by these Roads be turned upon the land. As these connections are perfected and made certain and reliable, and as the country is developed and improved, a large and constant increase of business may be safely calculated on.

PORT DEPOSITE BRANCH RAIL ROAD.

Nothing has been done on this Branch during the past year. This work will not be resumed till a satisfactory arrangement can be made for the land damages.

TRACK.

The Track of the Road has been kept up thoroughly and improved the past year. A good deal of work has been done in the way of ditching and ballasting, and more than the average of new Track required, has been laid, and more than the average decay of cross-ties has been supplied by new ones, as will be seen by the preceding memoranda.

SUSQUEHANNA FERRY.

This Ferry has continued to meet, promptly, all the demands that have been made upon it, and is fully competent for a much larger business. The boat has not missed a single trip for the year.

BUILDINGS AND FIXTURES.

The new ones, in the schedule of new work, have been added during the year, and extensive repairs and renewals made to those before on the road, so that these structures are, upon the whole, in better order than at the time of making the last report.

REAL ESTATE.

This item of property remains the same as last year, except that a lot adjacent to the depots in Chester has been sold. The money will be paid for this (\$2000) as soon as the deed is executed by the Company, and the proceeds will be applied to the Sinking Fund.

NEW TICKET SYSTEM.

The new ticket system spoken of in our last report, has been in operation about one year, and has answered all that was expected of it. It has increased the revenue, by diminishing the chances of a traveller passing twice over the road on the same ticket. The rule of charging less for tickets than for fares paid in the cars, has been enforced, and thus a larger proportion of travellers now purchase tickets before entering the cars than ever before.

FREE PASSES, AND SOME OTHER VEXATIOUS SUBJECTS.

This source of annoyance still continues to a greater extent than is desirable. No one not familiar with the every-day life of a Railroad Executive, can imagine the extent, or the intensity, of importunities for free passes. Officials, availing themselves of their position, demand and if they do not receive them, vex and annoy the Company, by invading its rights or attempting to impose restrictions upon its business.

Railroads perform a service to the community, valuable beyond all price, and yet, the watchful care which has transported millions in safety, by night and by day, is forgotten when one out of these millions is injured by his own carelessness. Many of the Courts of Justice countenanec the most unreasonable demands upon Railroads, and allow juries to render the most unjust verdicts. A better day, however, seems now to be dawning. Some of the Courts have had the independence to give the proper instructions to juries, and the justice to set aside unreasonable verdicts. A few more such examples will do much toward preventing accidents, by teaching the community that they too are bound to exercise a reasonable care, and that they cannot recover damages from Rail Roads where accidents are the result of their own carelessness. An old suit brought by the Bank of the United States many years since for a very large amount, was compromised and settled in January last, by the payment of \$5,000 in cash and notes for \$15,000 more in equal payments of one, two, and three years without interest. A cloud that has been long hanging over us, has been thus happily dissipated. This is, we believe, the last of the unprofitable legacies bequeathed us.

THE CONTRACT SYSTEM.

This system is still in extensive operation and continues to work with great satisfaction. It is believed that a good deal of the regularity of our trains, and freedom from accident, is due to the individual responsibility that is brought to bear upon all the departments of service. The fact is undisputed, that individual responsibility contributes more to success than any other element in the business of corporations. He who feels that his own acts are to result directly in his own profit or loss, will weigh consequences before he acts, more carefully than he who feels that others are to bear the burden of his mistakes. All the officers and operatives of a Railroad should, in some

way, be made pecuniarily interested in its success, so that they will feel themselves co-partners in the concern. The want of success that Railroads. commanding a fair business have met with, is due more to the irresponsible manner in which the business has been done, than to any intrinsic defect in Rail Roads themselves. A business involving such large expenditures, even when all its parts work harmoniously, and when an enlightened economy and honesty direct every detail, must soon result in ruin, when confusion, waste, and peculation are its controlling elements. Railroads are too frequently so organized that the purchases are made, and expenditures directed, by those who have no direct pecuniary responsibility in the results. In the use also of fuel, oil, and materials there cannot be the greatest economy unless the parties using them can be made to regard them in some other light than as the property of a corporation, whose resources are on such a gigantic scale, that a little waste or a little peculation can make no difference. parties must be brought into close and intimate relation with the corporation they serve, so as to expend every article they use, as economically as though it were their own property. The highest results of economy can be obtained in no other way. We believe the contract system, in the hands of good men, who are responsible for all their acts, can do more than anything else in restoring Railroads to positions of strength and profit to their owners.

POLICY OF MANAGEMENT AND OTHER GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS.

We believe that all who take an enlarged view of Railroads will see that the real interests of those using them, and of the stockholders, are the same. There is not, necessarily, any antagonism between the public and railroads. Such as arises, comes from a narrow minded jealousy on the part of the public, or a misguided policy on the part of the Railroad men. Just as the wealth and prosperity of a country, tributary to a Rail road, increases, to that extent will the revenue of a road be augmented. When therefore a Railroad can, without loss to itself, in the beginning, encourage and develope new sources of profitable business, it should, unquestionably, hold out such encouragement and thus secure an active, enterprising, and industrious population to its line, whose productions will load their freight cars and whose business will oblige them to A fair per centage of profit, sure and certain, on a very large business, is much better, both for the Railroad and the community, than a large per centage of profit on a very small business, because, if the Rail Road demands for its share on the transportation all that it can get, there will be so small a margin for the producer that he will not incur the risk of increasing his business. Lines of Rail Road that by a just and liberal policy become the great centres of population and business, will

work out for themselves and the public the highest results of which they are capable.

Though we would not advocate any policy which encourages business by doing it at cost, or less than cost, we would not hesitate to establish, by cost rates of freight to begin with, any new branches of industry on our line, which would add to the population and wealth of the country, and thus to our future profits. Such a line of policy will often be the turning point in deciding the location of large business communities. That Rail Road which attracts to itself, such communities, will, in the end, be a far more successful enterprise, than the one which refuses all business that does not come up to an arbitrary and fixed standard of tariff. Such a tariff can be advisable only when the country has attained its maximum of business, and when population and productions have become stationary.

We have the ability to do a much larger business than we are now doing, and we think we should be false to the trusts reposed in us were we to neglect any opportunity to attract it by pursuing a policy such as we have indicated.

Respectfully submitted,

By order of the Board of Directors,

S. M. FELTON,

President.

A.

DR. The Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore

				==
ROAD, including Susquehanna Bridge,	7,069,073 $109,514$ $56,944$	70		
Note.—In the statement for 1857, there was included in the above tem, the cost of relaying the track of Southwark Rail Road, which is now taken from it. See charge to that Company.	<u> </u>		7,235,532	17
Cost of Stock owned by the Company,			762,225	00
Note.—This item has been reduced from the amount per statement for 1857, \$99,100, which was received by the Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore Rail Road Company, in various sums during the past three years for sales of Steamboats and other property which belonged to the New Castle & Frenchtown T. & R. R. Co.				
REAL ESTATE at Philadelphia, Chester, Wilmington, Elkton, Havre-de-Grace, &c. including a portion for the Susquehanna Bridge, and Port Deposit Branch Rail Road,			257,023	79
Note.—Of this item \$210,000 is the estimated value of Real Estate that may be sold not required for the purposes of the Road.				
Cost of Road and all appurtenances,			8,254,780	96
Assets as follow:				
Stocks and other securities at cost,	119,552	25		
Note.—This item has been increased principally by the cost of Stock of the Southwark Rail Road Company, which heretofore was on the books of the New Castle & Frenchtown T. & R. R. Co.				
Due by Agents, " from sundry accounts, " " Post Office Department, Bills Receivable, Bonds Receivable, Instalments on New Stock unpaid, Cash. Wood and Materials on hand, including Wood Lands, Note.—To this sum \$88,185 05 may be added \$16,823 25 for the value of old rails, &c., to be sold, making \$105,003 30 as the total	$17,550 \\ 430 \\ 6,260 \\ 55,457 \\ 3,520 \\ 2,100 \\ 159,078 \\ 88,185$	69 09 03 72 00 12		
Advances to other Lines connected with P. W. & B. R.R.	16,812	85		
Due from Southwark R. R. Co. for relaying tracks, &c. " Delaware R. R. Co.,	$\begin{array}{r} 22,165 \\ 37,102 \\ \hline \end{array}$	84		94
			8,782,996	90

I, the undersigned Auditor, having compared the Treasurer's vouchers with the Cash Journal, examined the addition of the Cash Journal and Journal, compared the postings of those two books to the Ledger, examined the additions of the Ledger accounts, examined the Agents' Accounts Current, compared the eancelled Certificates of the Capital Stock and Loan with the receipts for the new Certificates issued in lieu thereof, examined the issue of Improvement Bonds, Second Series, and examined the accompanying Balance Sheet with the Ledger accounts, respectively, dated December 1, 1858, do, hereby, certify to the best of my knowledge and beliet to their entire correctness.

Thiladelphia, January 29th, 1859.

JOHN RUMSEY, Auditor.

CAPITAL STOCK,		
Outstanding, 112,000 MORTGAGE LOAN, due 1st July, 1860,\$ 688,928 83 " " " " 1884, 1,696,500 00	5,600,000 0	00
1001,	2,385,428 8	33
IMPROVEMENT BONDS, due 1st May, 1863,	119,000 C	
Mortgages on Real Estate,	40,950 0	
GROUND RENTS,	10,000 0	$\begin{bmatrix} 00 \\ - \end{bmatrix}$ 8,155,378 83
Amount subject to Dividends and Interest,		- 0,100,010 05
CURRENT LIABILITIES, VIZ:	* 40 * 0	
Due—Interest on Loan, due 1st July, 1860, unclaimed, "Dividends unclaimed,	1,495 8 6,365 2	
"Coupons, Improvement Bonds,	270 0	50
" for Real Estate waiting order of Court,	14,125 0	oo l
"Sundry accounts,	3,064 2	
" to other Roads and Lines,		
	32,246 7	
" Contractors,	9,319 6	6
United States Bank case, and notes drawing interest, given some years since to other parties,	21,320 0	0
"Interest—balance of account for interest accrued on all debts to November 30th, 1858, payable 1st January, 1859,	70,370 4	2
" DELAWARE RAIL ROAD LEASE—for interest accrued from 1st	*	1
July, to November 30, 1858, payable 1st January, 1859, "TREASTREE of the New Castle and Frenchtown T & B. B. Co.	30,030 4	
"TREASURER of the New Castle and Frenchtown T. & R. R. Co.	354 1	188,961 76
RENEWAL FUND, viz:		2 100,001 10
Balance to credit of this fund, November 30, 1857, Add appropriation for the year ending Nov. 30, 1858.	135,817 2 60,000 0	
	195,817 2	8
Less carried to credit of Road diminishing that account, Leaving to credit of Renewal Fund,	135,817 2	
REVENUE ACCOUNT, viz:		
Balance to credit, November 30, 1857,	515,280 4	3
30, 1858,\$1,095,847 15		
Less—Expenses, Interest, &c		
" Loss on the Delaware Rail Road, 45,814 22 751,694 36		
\$344,152 79		1
Less—Div. 1st April, 1858, 112,000 00 '1 1st Oct., '168,000 00 280,000 00		
Surplus for the year's business ending Nov. 30, 1858,	64,152 7	9
		-
Making a total surplus of,	579,433 2	2
sidered worthless. Also, Discount on the new Mortgage Loan, to November 30, 1858, making an aggregate of	200,776 9	1
Leaving balance to credit of Revenue, Nov. 30, 1858,		378,656 31
		8,782,996 90

Office, The Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Rail Road Company, December 1st, 1858.

ALFRED HORNER, Treasurer.

(A 2.)

 C_{R} The New Castle and Frenchtown, Turnpike and Rail Road Company, November 30th, 1858. Dr.

Rail Road,	\$699,514 34	Capital Stock,		762,320 00
Steamboat,	18,000 00	Dividends unclaimed,	768 10	
Real Estate,	23,836 41	Interest, balance of account,	22 47	
		741,350 75 Tax and Bonus to State of Delaware,	4,167 57	A 0 80 A
Chesapeake and Delaware Canal Stock,		25,000 00		4,300 14
Bond and Mortgage,	43 00			
Treasurer Philad., Wilm'n and Balt.				
R. R. Co.,	354 13			
Cash,	530 26	007 200		
		921 03		
		\$767,278 14	1 47	\$767,278 14

Office—The New Castle and Frenchtown Turnpike and R. R. Company, December 1, 1858.

SAMUEL M. COUPER, Treasurer.

B. Revenue, 1857 and 1858 compared.

SOURCE OF REVENUE.	1857.	1858.	INCREASE.	DECREASE.
Passengers, -	\$775,615 43	\$763,579 55		\$12,035 SS
Freights,	253,356 91	223,771 95		29,584 96
Express,	31,014 28	27,770 56		3,243 72
Rents,	16,018 52	16,389 15	370 63	
Mail, Miscellaneous,	38,013 76 5,892 08	39,377 36 5,073 SS	1,363 60	818 20
iniscending		\$1,075,962 45	27 704 00	
- 1	\$1,119,910 98	Q1,010,002 40	\$1,734 23	\$45,682 76
New Castle		htown T. and	1 -	
New Castle			1 -	
Source of Revenue.	1857. \$15,337 14	1858. 	IR. R. Co	
Passengers, Freight and Express,	1857. \$15,337 14 7,964 09	1858. \$10,308 02 \$,545 40	I R. R. Co	DECREA E
Source of Revenue.	1857. \$15,337 14	1858. 	IR. R. Co	DECREA E

Statement of Expenditures of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Rail Road Company, during the year ending November 30, 1858.

OPERATING EXPENSES.			
Repairs of Road,	\$46,849	16	
" Bridges,	13,411	15	
" Fcnces,	441	33	
" Locomotives,	24,688	37	
" Passenger Cars,			
" Merchandise Cars,			
" Stations, Buildings, &c	10,541	54	
Expenses of Passenger Department	56,928	44	
" Freight "	55,598	99	
Switchmen, Watchmen, &c	12,861	55	
Gratuities, &c. to employees injured and sundry			
allowances to parties receiving injuries while	1,895	3 3	
crossing the Road.			
Taxes and Insurance,	12,778	80	
Law Expenses,	5,905	21	
Office, Salaries, &c	20,974	88	
Ferries,	22,170	52	
Rents,	6,014	18	
Wood and Coal for Locomotives,	57,395	77	
Coal for other purposes,	1,411	84	
Oil, Tallow, &c.,	7,038	12	
Waste and Packing,	1,573		
Magnetic Telegraph,	3,496	27	
Removing Ice and Snow,	103		
Miscellaneous,	15,595	12	204 410 25
Expenditures for New Work.			394,418 25
New Track,	38,338	77	
" Bridges,	409		
" Fences,	188		
" Locomotives,	1,606		
" Baggage Cars,	2,235		
" Merchandise Cars,	2,566		
" Stations, Buildings, &c.,	2,974		
<u>-</u>	13,985		
Engine House at Dammore,	10,505	99	62,304 79
Susquehanna Bridge,	546	50	22,002 10
Port Deposite Branch Railroad,	197	07	
Principio Improvement,	4,118	04	
-			4,861 61
			461,584 65
			,

D.

Statement of the number of Passengers carried in each direction between each of the several Stations, and the total number to and from each Station on the line of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Rail Road, during the Year ending, November, 30th, 1858.

STATIONS.	ro Philadelphia.	Lazaretto.	Chester.	Thurlow.	Marcus Hook.	Claymont.	Bellevue.	Wilmington.	Newport.	Staunton.	Newark.	Elkton.	North East.	Charlestown.	Principio.	Perryville.	Havre-de-Graee	Aberdeen.	Perrymansville.	Edgewood.	Magnolia.	Harewood.	Chase's.	Stemmer's Run.	Baltimore.	TOTAL
FROM Philadelphia,		2,754	27,226	3,467	6,783	4,064	824	53,553	322	822	5,932	3,410	2,953	54.	41	291	1,903	98,	193	13	369	47	10	41	32,609	147,77
Lazaretto,	2,021		99	· ·		1		56			2	,	1		ĺ		,	ŀ	3				1		11	2,19
hester,	26,456	227		98	971	318	30	4,280	29	97	254	109	38	4		12	91	10	12	2	5		1	8	420	33,47
hurlow	3,739	3	15			26		147	3		ı	2					1		1						1	3,93
Iareus Hook,	6,471	20		10,		25	3	596		71	28	20	8				4		4		1			1	11	8,33
laymont,	4,506	3		21	47		11	1,230	7	12	7	3	1			1	1							i	2	6,14
ellevue,	612	1	16	1	13	2		59									- 0									71
ilmington,	54,234	72	5,579	86	673	658	196		913	1,176	4,216	2,132	492	38	7	165	494	12	28	2	72	9		28	2,556	
ewport,	274	8	7		1	1		620,			40	34			1		4								18	1,0
taunton,	790		94		7.0	9		974	11	0.4	66	46	- 0	-	010	10	17				0.5				54	2,0
lewark,	4,816	3	258		16	İ		4,395	22	64	5.0	325	56	1.50	213	25	148	1	4		25	- 4		- 1	516	10,83
lkton,	$2,842 \ 1,409$	1	105		13	- 1		2,405	33	40	59	7 7 7 0	113	$\frac{178}{27}$	26		1,679	2	19		46 13	1		1	1,723	9.2
North East,	78	1	32		3	1		497 35	4	ð	62	1,118		21	世		$\frac{279}{61}$	1	Ti-		10	- 1		1	$\frac{558}{31}$	$\frac{4,0}{2}$
harlestown,	56		2	ì				99	9		1	36 10	9	3	4		37	1	2		1	- 1	2		$\frac{31}{21}$	1.
Perryville,	565		9					205	9	11	45	578	98	43	7		91	4	5		14	- 1			1.330	2.9
lavre-de-Grace	2,193	4	64	1	9	3	9	468		14	105		242	92	67			126	280	20	116	5	7	340	7,589	12.8
berdeen,	133	-	20	-		1	-	1		1.1	100	1,141	7		0.		238	120	16	- "	13			010	1,694	$\frac{12,0}{2,1}$
errymansville,	200		2		1			28	1		16	17	i				279	20		10	61		36		2,660	3,3
dgewood,	11				_						10	1.		ļ			4	2	16		-	l l	1		252	: 2
Iagnolia,	529		19					104			1	54	2	1			87	40	70					2	11,652	
Iarewood	16							2									3	1	2	-	1				144	1
hase's,	7							2									1	5	6°					6	621	6
temmer's Run,	72		5					29									59	2	17		29	8	12		1,336	1,5
Baltimore,	27,944		313			1	1	3,127	15	25	511	1,818	822	77		25	7,097	1,992	6,670	938	13,756	427	704	1,450		67,7
Total,	139 974	3.096	35 285	2.684	8 530	5.100	1.067	79 816	1 262	9.971	11 2 18	10.851	4 827	518	372	528	19 197	2,316	7 255	095	14,524	107	779	1 077	es eno	408,2



Statement of the number of Passengers carried Northwardly and Southwardly from each Station on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Rail Road, during the year ending November 30th, 1858, with a reduction of the same to Passengers carried one mile. Ħ

			LOCAL TRAVEL	TRAVEL.		
STATIONS.	PASSE	PASSENGERS CAR	CARRIED.	PASSENGERS	RS CARRIED	ONE MILE.
	Northwardly.	Southwardly.	Total.	Northwardly.	Southwardly.	Total.
Philadelphia,		147,779	147,779		6,122,107	6,122,107
Lazaretto.	2.021	172	2,193	22,221	2.488	24,709
Choster.	26,683	6,789	33,472	371,065	140,947	512,012
Thurlow.	3.757	181	3,938	43,869	2.193	46,062
Marcus Hook,	7,626	707	8,333	121,138	9,264	130,402
Claymont,	4,870	1,274	6,144	99,363	10,585	109,948
Bellevue,	645	59	704	14,310	295	14,605
Wilmington,	61,498	12,340	73,838	1,605,172	322,502	[1,927,674]
Newport,	911	96	1,007	11,638	2,016	13,654
Staunton,	1,878	193	2,071	34,732	2,068	36,800
Newark,	9,574	1,314	10,888	252,127	30,558	282,685
Elkton,	5,497	3,788	9,285	179,982	112,237	292,219
North East,	3,130	890	4,020	144,148	28,995	173,143
Charlestown,	152	102	254	5,450	1,853	7,303
Principio,	80	63	143	3,946	1,144	5,090
Perryville,	1,563	1,353	2,916	52,810	49,536	102,346
Havre-de-Grace,	4,405	8,483	12,888	179,974	287,888	467,862
Aberdeen,	401	1,723	2,124	11,491	52,718	64,209
Perryman, sville,	564	2,767	3,331	19,185	72,770	91,955
Edgewood,	33	252	285	924	6,048	6,972
Magnolia,	907	11,654	12,561	54,825	221,608	276,433
Harewood,	24	144	168	1,481	2,448	3,929
Chase's	21	627	819	1,114	9,341	10,455
Stemmer's Run,	233	1,336	1,569	10,921	12,024	22,945
Baltimore,	67.713		67,713	3,984,123		3,984,123
Over N. C. & W. and Delaware R. R.	29,601	29,730	59,331	557,603	483,148	1,040,751
Total,	233,787	233,816	467,603	7,783,612	7,986,781	15,770,393
	THROUGH	TRAVEL CAI	RRIED TO A	THROUGH TRAVEL CARRIED TO AND BROUGHT FR	f from oth	OM OTHER ROADS
Philadelphia to Baltimore,	64,779	67,494	132,273	6,348,342	6,614,412	12,962,754
	64,779	67,494	132,273	6,348,342	6,614,412	12,962,754
			SUMMARY	IARY.		
Local Travel,	233,787	233,816	467,603	7,783,612	7,986,781	15,770,393
THEOREM TICKET	011110	20260		, , , , , ,	, , , , ,	
	298.566	301.310	599,876	14,131,954	14,601,193	28,733,147

F

Statement of the Number of Passengers earnied in each direction between each of the several Stations, and the Total Number to and from each Station on the Line of the Philadelphia, Wilmington, & Baltimore, New Castle and Wilmington, New Castle and Frenchlown, and Delaware Rait Roads, during the Year ending November 39, 1858.

2,080 40 40 1,766 1,7847 1,766 2,050 2,920 2,957 4,042 5,33 2,254 608 89,192 TOTAL. 107 441 Baltimore. 2 275 Seaford. က Cannon's. 2,027 47 103 617 202 925 583 Bridgeville, 433 # 2 10 580 57.5 Si 0.1 99 St. Johnstown. 40 25.58 754 Farmington. 51-015 3,480 283 110 51 8 8 93 22, 325 Milford Junction. 265 14 205 205 17 641 299 2,683 Si Felton. 572 2555es 69 59 47 201 Canterbury. 1,074 7,220 53 87 895 895 895 895 101 101 267 70 377 343 Camden. 900 862 6,316 5 5 5 S 284 851 10 10 285 233 135 DOVer. 6.942 449 90 S φç<u>i</u> 12827283 12 Leipsie. 1,143 Smyrna. 480 104 75 4010 27 Blackbird. 5 4 5 308 800 1.551 Townsend. 2.526 1,686 70 2572 260 260 405 7,038 133 Middletown. 838 27.9 240 46 10 101 Mount Pleasant. œ p.ncg* 128 10 16 1,848 216 86 524 13 St. George's. 263 104 9 2 Delaware Junction. 79 14 4 11,125 53 129 12,267 678 165 38 57 57 a a 1-Bear. 3,216 6,551 553 New Castle. 86 Hare's Corner. 80 Moody's. 10 10 4,864 105 64 582 582 221 679 679 50 19 milmington. вецелие, 7 Juom vslO G₹ 60 Marcus Hook. 35 rO. 10 Thurlow. 502 225 62 20 88 Chester. ಣ ¢1 9 Total,..... 17,857, 15 3,143 294 102 102 102 15 64 3,488 165 2 205 101 Philadelphia. or Milford Junction, ... New Castle,.... Mount Pleasant,..... Dover,..... Prettyman's,.... Farmington, St. Johnstown,...... Bridgeville,..... Cannon's,.... Seaford,.... Baltimore, Lazaretto,..... Chester, Thurlow,..... Marcus Hook,..... Claymont,.... Bellevue, Hare's Corner, Bear, St. George's..... Lownsend..... Black bird, Smyrna, Leipsic, Camden,..... Canterbury,..... Philadelphia,..... Wilmington, Mondy's, Delaware Junction. Middletown,..... Buck,.... Felton STATIONS. FROM

Statement of the number of Passengers carried Northwardly and Southwardly from Stations on the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore, New Castle and Wilmington, New Castle and Frenchtown, and Delaware Rail Roads, during the year ending November 30th, 1858, with a reduction of the same to Passengers carried one mile.

Total, 44,840

43,752

88,592 | 1.733.480 | 1.699.701 | 9.199.701

Statement showing the amount of Through Freight, in pounds, which has passed over the entire line of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Rail Road, the same having been Forwarded to and Received from points beyond Baltimore, during the year ending Nov. 30, 1858.

DATE.			EASTWARD.	D.		DATE.		W	WESTWARD.		
	1st Class.	2d. Class.	3d. Class.	4th. Class.	4th, Class, Am't, Freight.		1st. Ciass.	2d. Class.	3d. Class.	4th. Class. 4	4th. Class. Am't. Freight.
10000	10 787	67 103	61 091	9 587 887	co 701.63	\$9 701.63 December.	133.718	134 431	5,525	270,245	\$705.40
ecember,	14.219	12 SOS		4.457.351	3,995.85	3.995.85 January.	251,487	183.200	4,052	140,019	854.45
Johnnary,	0.4 250		600	3.967,983	2,908.30	2,908.30 February.	877,518	388,255	9,130	163,251	1,902.92
ferral y,	21.070		57	8 518 070	7.976.98	March.	1,475,641	771,649	18,735	661,313	3,195.21
Lanil	70.015			4.194.851	3.798.70	Anril.	1,652,205	647,365	29,788	773,121	3,211.60
Aprillo	4.1.007	105.359		7.511.679	6.508.19	Mav.	522,482	388,013	16,600	559,415	1,445.80
nay,	17 677		_	3.791.817	3.026.96 June.	June.	344,941	275,784	46,531	329,344	1,016.55
une,	7 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		1	1 631 767	1,745 49 July.	July.	806.593	455,838	24,557	517,393	1,808.90
ury,	10,414		99.850	9.557 134	3 043 65	Anonst.	1.777.533	627.148	15,475	722,812	2,536.51
Tugust,	10 H			5,000 A.I.S.	3 717 80	2 717 80 Sentember	9,187,756	760,135		1.281.153	3,620.04
september,	90,700		٠	6.167.539	4 578 35	October.	903,942	430.714	101.177	1,059,274	2,678.51
Vovember,	22,762	115,277		7,296,183	5,452.55	November,	636,614	369,972	106,039	525,687	2,277.73
Total.	353,650	353,650 1,613,727	202,336	58.140,960	48,683.75		11,570,430	5,432,504	439,066	439,066,7,003,027	25,253.62

		٠	•	
		5,432,504 Eastward,	Westward,	
ż	11,570,430	5,432,504	439,066	7,003,027
[10]	•	•	٠	•
LA	•	•	•	
RECAPITULATION.	Class,	,,,	,,	"
RECA	1st.	2d.	3d. "	4th.
	Westward, 1st. Class,	,,	99	"
	353,650	1,613,727	202,336	58,140,960
	•	•	•	

Eastward, 1st. Class, 2d. ... 3d. ... 4th. ...

Amount. \$48,683.75 25,253.62

 $60.310\ 673$ 24.445,027

Weight.

\$73,937.37

84,755,700

34,445,027

60.310.673

и.

Subsected of the number of Tons of Local Freight corried in each direction between each of the several Stations, and the bold number of Tons to and from each Station, on the Last of the Philadelydon, Wilmington and Haltimore Russ Road, during the Year cooling November 20th, 1869.

			-				tmington u		- Interest	Honu	auring	the Test	e ewhny	Acres 160	er soun,	1859,						
STATIONS.	Philadelphia	Gay's Ferry.	Chrites.	Таціон	Margus Book.	Claymont.	Wilmington.	Newport	Stanton.	Newsth	Elkton.	North-East.	Pertysile.	Натте-де Бтаст.	Henden.	hrry menes illo	Slgrwood.	Tago-V-a.	temmer's Kun.	alciuji e	invilibroga.	Asia Control
1 000	Total and Dec		Trus & Dec.	Total & Steel	Pour & Dec.	You & Dec.	Tom and less	Total A Dec.	from & Dec.	You & Dec.	Total & Dec	Tons A Stoc	Tran 4 Jine	Treas à Bre	Total & Dec	Type & Dr.C.	Tona A free	Years & Jan.	Total & Com	=		=======================================
Philodophia,				691,368			3,490 631															C. Tona and Duc.
Gny's Ferry,	7,482 044					********	0,130.011	230 010	1,080,074	1,310 311	3,077.039	1,737.000	117.432	103 674	31.144	37,425	.760	55 995	\$4.654	4,653 916		27,1 +3 605
Chestey + + + + +	417 56.				1.550	(575	59 317	1,600	0 530	1.035												7,4=1 140
Thales,	107 688					1574	1,025	1.000	0 030	2.035	2,590	3 445	,700	7.546	2.525		2.730	,500	3 972	117 925		610.410
Marcin Hook, -	6HE 173		2 900				.450			1,150		140.				.013						10+ 770
Clayment,	509 YTS		12 250		25 000		77.900	4 000	10.775	1,100		.051		.010				5 000		0.421		601.251
Whitegroup	1,933 872		334 331	532 216	72 125		7 8 1 5 0 0	51.030		001,265	.150			19 900		1		1		1,900		710 (00
Newport,	299 025		.883				5 615	31.030	72.135	001,269	01.11100		417.220	81.105	103 613	51.764	3 250	97 991	56,315	1,361.200		7,164 (0)
Starting	224,933		12 119			23 H33	05 210	10 439		.850	1.780	8,081					.230			246.670		541 910
News/kg+++++	3,359 979		55 767			.015	345.367			.859			4.500	.030						7,766		\$79,660
Ethan,	2,558 (5)		2 473	10 550	5,570	,015	414 861	.425	,100		8.000		1,102.450	2 612		4 145	3.160	18 647		113,393		5,175 677
North East,	1,705 550		2 650	19 415	2.710			21.553	45 250	66 845		12 395	6 635	5 200		,500		2.415		230 211		7,532.570
Penyalir	1,180 736		14 550		7.000.	E 050	378 020	21,125	81 300	131.656			2,074	31 922	3 245			3,637		1,029,732		37734 232
Harrinda Grace,	511 342		11 311		.175	.700	784 413		48 423	502.710	135.717	73 701		40 912	52.100	41.870	T2 500	169 846	60.475	121.447		4,679.210
Abrileen	133 017		2 07		.175		35 939	.075	2.020	6,906		10 341	17.940		11.012	01.740	17.584	9 912	7,283	324 371		1,029 607
Proynatiers()a	77 60.1		,3.80			.250	0 036		1.585	.050	10,682	.621	4.050	1		.239	10 385	.214	71'1 03	4,897.771		1,723 777
Edgrand,	20 275				2.500		5 460		0.690		4.030	3.970	4.095	8.004	.400		,025	,7501	.725	868.839		997.559
Megada,	35 654		1.700		# DIME.		.050			.160	.323	i		3,150	1.551	.150			4,318	2,116.377		3,147 (41
Brance Rus.	32 225		935				15 037	,100		.150	1,150	- (,507,473	1,500	3 840	8 300	11 600	, ,	1,030	913.429		2,599,787
Belichter,	7,635 364		120 (05	.265	145 005	ļ	64.025	9 000	85,110	10 013	51,200	155.500		16,700		26.000				168 643		633 663
Macciletector,				1404	145 095	.200	2,342,171	150,770	85 860	185,734	600,107		077,059	669,974	1,094 403	929.525	1,965.610	2,213,156	2,192,634		31,946 030	51,015.422
Test, 3	11,319 159	-	1,244 394	641 ::01	Ton and			51.765		42,100	6 506	8 050								4,501 031		5,962 532
				1011/271	073 890	100 007										1,161 420	2,03*.274	2,574.743	7,455,602	19,933 645	31,996.650	426,773 984
							Not	zPrincip	de Proight	is included	la that for	warded fro	ne and tech	ired at Per	rraxille.							



Κ.

tatement showing the number of Tons of Freight carried Northwardly and Southwardly, from each Station on the line of the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Rail Road, during the year ending November 30th, 1858, with a reduction of the same to tons carried one mile.

			LOCAL I	FREIGHT.		
STATIONS.	7	IONS CARRIED	•	TON	S CARRIED ONE	MILE.
	Northwardly.	Southwardly.	Total.	Northwardly.	Southwardly.	Total.
	Tons. Dec.	Tons. Dec.	Tons. Dec.	Tons. Dec.	Tons. Dec.	Tons. Dec
iladelphia,		22,183.605	22,183.605		1,129,030,784	1,129,030.78
ay's Ferry,	7,482.240	,	7,482.210	14,964.480		14,964.48
ester,	417.560	212.880	630.440	6,263.400		
urlow's,	107.682	1.088	108.770	177.573		i .
reus Hook,	587.323	13.931	601.254	10,528.314		
ymont,	607.225	113.175	720,400	11,510.750		,
lmington,	2,759.377	4,408.625	7,168.002	63,751.722		
	305.153	276.787	581.940	9,595.361		
ewport,	555.544	24.116	579.660	14,923.729		
aunton,	3,791.583	1,384.089	5,175.672	144,930.822		
		374.443				/
kton,	3,158.127		3,532.570	128,444.279		
ortheast,	_2,467.122	1,071.210	3,538.332	106,929.164	47,847.714	154,776.87
*11	9.014.090	505 100	1 470 010	101 69- 0-0	11 100 555	100 004 50
rryville,	3,914.030	565.180	4,479.210	181,637.970		
vre-De-Graee,	698.103	331.504	1,029.607	36,906.553		46,184.56
erdeen,	804.006	1,919.771	2,753.777	32,211.201		89,444.34
rrymansville,	113.028	869.530	982.558	6,332.011		29,788.69
lgewood,	28.149	$2,\!119.695$	2,147.844	1,704.280		52,565.09
agnolia,	1,685.308	914.479	2,599.787	34,623.981	16,451.172	51,075.15
emmer's Run,	466.013	166.649	632.662	20,355.789		21,855.63
altimore,	54,015.122		54,015.122	1,320,588.926		1,320,588.926
iscellaneous,	1,250.000	4,612.532	5,862.532	25,000.000	48,958.012	73,958.012
tal,	85,212.695	41,563.289	126,775.984	2,171,380.305	1,646,308.790	3,817,689.095
			THROUGE	I FREIGHT.		
illadelphia,ltimore,	30,155.337	12,222.513	12,222.513 30,155,337	2,985,378.363	1,210,028.787	1,210,028.787 2,985,378.363
otal,	30,155.337	12,222.513	42,377.850		1,210,028.787	
			SUM	MARY.		,
cal Freight,rough Freight,	\$5,212.695 30,155.337	41,563.289 12,222.513	126,775.984 42,377.850	2,171,380.305 2,985,378.363	1,646,308.790 1,210,028.787	3,817,689.095 4,195,407.156
		53,785.802	169,153.834			

M.

Statement of the number of Tons of Freight carried Northwardly and Southwardly, from each Station on the line of the Delaware Rail Road, in connection with the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Rail Road, during the year ending November 30th, 1858, with the reduction of the same to Tons carried one mile.

STATIONS.		TONS CARRIED.		TONS	TONS CARRIED ONE MILE	HLE.
	Northwardly.	Southwardly.	Total.	Northwardly.	Southwardly.	Total.
Philadelphia,	Tons. Dec.	Tons. Dec. 10,693,496	Tons. Dec. 10.693,496	Tous. Dec.	Tons, Dec. 798, 339, 014	Tons, Dec. 708 330 014
Chester,		11239	11.239		404 680	404 680
Thurlow's,		299.	.662		32.107	32 107
Marcus Hook, -		7.755	7.755		382,555	2000 2000 2000 2000
Claymont,						1
Wilmington,	No. or o	3,331,796	3,331,796		128.797.720	198,797,790
New Castle,	1,001.961	3,989.827	4,991.788	16.209.129	114,394,123	130,603,959
St. Georges, -	895 786	49 825	945 611	20,759 056	1,579 425	22 338 481
Middletown,	4,586 049	53.935	4,639 984	200.144.160	1,605 625	201,749,785
Fownsend,	1,987.386	5 535	1,992,921	76,509 836	189.680	76,699 516
Sinyrna,	1,550.305	69.045	1,619350	82,231,001	1,615.385	83,846,386
Leipsic,	020.	8.350	8.400	2.800	171.250	174.050
Dover,	2,691.821	131,439	2,823 260	145,899.271	2,240.776	148,140,047
Camden, -	557,364	8.411	565.775	30,882.554	168.133	31,050,687
Canterbury,	306,149	670.	306.224	17,795.014	1.500	17.796.514
Felton,	2,323,470	5 270	2.328.740	178,359.863	97.679	178,457.542
Mullord Junction,	1,788.036	23.788	1.811.824	128,330.720	193.610	128,524,330
Farmington, -	1,365 409	17.050	1,382459	109,353.354	121.850	109,475.204
St. Johnstown,	489.981		489.981	37,599.780		37,599.780
Eridgeville,	2,412.359	486.919	2,899.278	194,168.141	3,895.352	198,063.493
Seaford, -	1,919.623		1,919.623	152,899.633		152.899.633
Miscellaneous,		100.201	109.291		1,533.339	1,533.339
Total,	23,875.749	19,004.008	42,879,757	42.879.757 1.391.344.312 1.055.763.803 2.446.908.115	.055,763,803	2.446.908.11
						11.000000000

2. Statement of the number of Tons of Freight corried in each direction between each of the several Stations, and the total number of Toni is and from each Station on the line of the Deinvaro

Reil Road, in connection with the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Paul Road, during the year ending Nexember 20th, 1858.

TATIONS.	Thiladelphis,	Chesters	Thurlow,	Marcus Hook	Claymont,	Wilmington	New Cartle,	St. Georges,	Middetewn,	Townwod,	Smyrms,	Lelpsic,	Dorer,	Camben,	Canterbury,	Tollow,	Mixted Junction	Farmington,	St. Jehastowa,	Bridger-lie,	Seaford,	TOTAL
22+X	Tona. Dec.	Toss. Dyc.	TonaPec	TotaSta	Trosbec	Yous, Dec.	Tota, Bec.	Teat Dec.	Tons, Dec.	Tona, Dec.	Your. Dec.	Tons. Suc.	Tom. Dec.	Trus Dec	Total Dec	Tota Dec.	Tree Inc	Total Para				
idadalphra, .							143.925	925.495	2,004.316	570,632											Tota, Duc.	Tenn In
avesing							.310	9		970.032			1,021.002	480,659	114.300	1,417,073	1,041.151	509.202	132,216	807.957	270 058	10.692.4
butlaw,								1	.200		3,716		,150	4		200				.155	.050	11.2
ercus Hoek,								,100	1.400		.602											.0
syment,									1400	1.050	, 900		2.450	.005						1 250		7,7
duisgion, .							212,620	107 510	827,655	280.284	180 960											
w Castie,	314.129	25,930		0.270		655 632	418.020		1,078,405	463.570			858,016		21.000	2:4252	78.494	47.318	19.478	70.040	109.972	3,331.7
Georges, .	295,470	11,141	i	9.000		153,418	420.757		7.200	8,900			715,945	75.120		178,000	75,229	,250	9,000	242.000	89.178	4,991.7
ldictown,	3,251,960	21,110	3,350			475,604	829,070	4.050	2.200	.825	1,078		0.825	0.650		1,025,	8.875			.025		945,6
raend,	855,757	15,000				518 177	523,797	26,800	40 855	.823	4,200		15.508	5.265	.215	1720	9.000			2.030	11.406	4,639.5
gras,	001.920	41.943	.250	.100	700	256,026	247,592	7.562	20,015	12.507	-040		.200	.058	1.500	0.3	1,525			1.565	.150	1,092.5
ipaic,		.050						2.502	20.075	12.503			22.075	2.250	18.250	E.600	3.870	.300		,350	8 850	1,610.3
146,	192 000	1,100			- 1	.154.132	440,130	8,470	81,536	2,450			.750			911	7.500	.100				8.4
točen,	225,984	.075		.005	- 1	188.464	29,343	2 650	4.100	7,450	12.001	- 1		0,000		.402	34.567	34.778	.725	16,366	1.650	2,823.2
sterbary, .	123.010					28.603	41,486	- 040	111.275	004	0 303		.300		.038	679	.774			8 955	.905	565.7
loe, , , ,	1,738,297	.762			1	281.692	164,874	.334	102.600	2,563	3,730			.036						.075		306,25
forMuscion.	290.903		1,935			250,041	623-520	3,223	18,723	2,503	1.007		0.010	3.925			1.400	.013	\$00.	.415	8.852	2,928.7
mington, .;	707.252	19.175				430 375	101,775	0.223	10.723	.168	15.176		1	30.425	.102	,312		16.350	,050	.450	6,034	1,811.6
Ishnatown,	105 234					232.780	45,000		0,000	.100	15,115		10.109	.100		175	18.190		8 000	9 000	,050	1,382.4
geritte,	1,027,028				- 1		407,778	20,120	100 895		289.775		7.628			,010	.790					489.5
led, . , .	597.401	5,252	.250,				239,430	.912	112,577	8.375	79.262		1.100	7.400	.200	100	-400	182.250	.050		486,910	2,990.2
reliaceous, .							96.471	.011	***********	6-315	12.520		118,033	18.607	,507	27.500	23.065	8.595	3 513	53.491		1,919.6
											12.350			.800		1			-	1		109 0

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Statement showing some of the principal Articles transported over the Philadelphin, Wilmington and Bultimore, and Delaware Rail Roads during the year emling November 30th, 1858.

FIATIONS.	FLOUR. Barrela	WILEAT. Parlieb.	COEN	Unbelo.	PULATOEs A other VEGETAFLES. Bushele.	TEACHES. Babets.	PANSONS, DANSONS, Backele,	BERRIES, Backets,	Eugs. Earrela.	POULTRY. Pounds	FRESH FISH. Potte-b.	MILK. Gallons,	OYSTERS, Bubbla	FIG AND BLOOM IRON. You.	IKON OUE.	Tone	FERTILIZEES,	LIME	LUMBER	SHIP TIMBER, Took	FOOD, Carls,	COTTON. Bales.	YAPER STOCK.	BRICK. Number	HOOF POLKS, STAYESASPOKES	FENCE RAILS, AND POSTS. Tens.	HORN CATTLE Number.	HORSES, Namber,	SHEEP.	House Number.
Paradiphia, Cherton, Therton, Xarras Hock,	36	3,300	1,90	202	25 25 33		13	l As	В	000		129,131 42,190 47,604 210,963		781		0,363	650	2) 1,05	25,990	Т		1,991	763	93			11	111	45	219
Wilstington,	1,757	2,931	1,27		2,374			ii	159	1,990	800	569		\$51		603	255		37,601 920,061		15		62	251,63	3		6	14		62
National Action	203	11,000 17,501 2,715	35,124 35,124 11,500	42,844 20,510 11,193	475 773 1,396	39			11	0,620 1,353 16,361	1,200 11,150	16,432		724	1,950		11		13,166 13,150 121,161 181,008		24 5 2	4	1				6 3 9	4 6 2	23	54 41 199
Perry III	2; 8;	3,114 1,2; 1 16,169 7,511	9,191 13,123	969 581 8,711 1,803	2,711,	60 76 49 101	4		51 60 77	1,950 1,450 200 309,	33,681, 65,612 12,950 140			80 47 41		42	60	10,750	423,311 25,016 25,016	121	16		11 11 11 5		14 21 51		726	6	90	3 164 15
Magnella, as such tesasser's Bas	442	913 236 3,216 3,233 6,641 613	17,696 17,888	3,132 11,520	212 283 295	1,559		6,340	1 113 263 2	700	1,570 9,160 4*4	2,565	6,642	30 9s	1,494		1,753	15,×44 76,103	33,600 1,452,014 130,505 6,009		451 201 76 56	661	231	214,351	261 6	3	5,541	35	5,702	0,233
M. i Deton o	15	29,166 2,563 1,662	21,131 8,792	11,919 8,629 50	556 66 3,968	715 966 0,019	79	501 830	23 302	3,765 966 10,643	200								60,960 15,570	24 11	216 74 69					22 11	211	2 2	2,743	2 4
I amdes, Contributy,	25	3,053 1,623 205	23 991 2,945 4,624	1,915	216 536 229	7,853	379 153	1,105	167 307	13,030 21,030 4,515	915 166 569						31		17,901 29,700	54	220			266		- 6	45		365 41	2
Felius,	1	1,531 1,739 2,377 7,131 1,339	21,941 45,660 715 20,317	3,226, 3,801 1,636 3,112 450	1,111 325	7,416 7,419 2,654 601	1,517 2,545 996 207 122	3,263 2,100 920 511	397 361 41	11,379 21,003 8,735 614	5,966 800								163,777 6,106 17,455 45,638	117 11 411	10 24					30	84 1 30	1	220	4
Horellaprostyres		2,021	2,337 376	125; 916	121,	3,191	2,595	1,814 852		15,511 67,401	10,023		22,118	1,013			20		124,5A5 6,940	232	1,463				2.0	24	16	2	^	
Yeal	10,153	123,777	357,467	235,561	25,064	51,944	8,973,	10,509	5,512	165,761	160,975,	616,858	27,795	3,218	13,911	6,311	2,170	374,047	3,600,061	1,054.	3,222	1,665	1,090	577,460	417	62	6,720	307	8,616 1	0,019

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Statement showing some of the principal Articles transported over the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Bultimore and Delaware Rail Roads, during the year ending
New roles 20th 1858

												TABLE	moer	ootu,	1007	٥,															
STATIONS. Emited at	FLOUR. Earreld.	WUEAT. Rushela.	CORN. Bushela.	UATS. Barbels.	POTATORS AND other Vegetables, Bunkels,	PEACHES. Barbett.	PEAUSAPPLES AND DAMSONS. Barbeta.	Dorkets.	Edds.	POULTRY. Penda	FRESH FISH. Founds.	MILK. Gallons,	UNSTERS. Burbets.	FIG A HLOOM THOM. Text.	THON USE.	CUAL	FEBRUALIZEUS.	Makela.	LUMBER	Fret.		Conts.		Total	BRICK, Number,	MOOP POLISS STAVES AND SPONGS	PENCE RAILS AND POSTS, TABLE	HORN CATTLE. Number.	HOR-ES.	SHEEP. Namber.	Hoes. Namber.
Bildeliste	313 1 512 69 1,479	7,559 788 100	107,619 5,006 241 251 17,810	190,251 6,114 40 10 321 4,0×0	95	1,017	M,534 21 415	16,454	5,09d 2 8	191,051 400 50 256 4,016	130,679 1,879 25,436		4,490 150 12 15,811 264 112	56 45	2.560	67 46 21 176 1,033 201 827 1,103 1,152 033	59		25 10: 25 10: 00: 41: 5: 25 1,54: 60: 5:	0,891 3,263 7,001 1,239 6,531 2,211	263 439	1VI 5	310 135 122 1,218 444 285	391 6341 41				6,324		7,754 3 830	79 1 24
Petrijita	10,576 167 19 166 15	1,231		20,445 5,540	12 69 21 52 736 405 11,325								70 101 50 52 01 677 25 510	1,163	936	31 51 56 82	43 12 24 25 16 22	7 6.3 1 7,9 0 2,1 5 5,0 9 3,2 1 21,4 1 53,3 1 53,3 3 1 5,3	50 21 50 11 51 17 71 41 73 311 80 163 80 163 80 26 81 18 83 118 84 118 85 118 86 118 86 118	5,629 9,443 5,923 4,612 1,910 9,721 3,674 3,623 2,915 6,612 7,223 1,965 2,125	361 2	3111	23		7,401 34,233 69,300 601	i,	31		2× 1 2 2 6 47		
Beier, Carel a	9 30 66 46 22 163 159	172 6 13 1,231 903	8, 236 1,465	1,397 199									1,262 114 15 531 414 92 7 20		10,431		1	3 1,91 3 6,73 7 27,73	73 125 25 28 25 6 25 125 25 125 25 125 25 33 26 85 75 4	3,552 8,007 6,172 9,631 7,737 5,813 9,989 6,177 5,301					271,267 8,114 83,900 6,354 12,600 63,000		31		3 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		



Statement of the number of Miles run by each Engine, on the Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore Rail Road, Total Cost, and Cost per Mile to keep them in Repair, and for Renewals, the Total Cost of Oil, Waste, &c., used upon each Engine, and the Cost of the same per 100 Miles run during the year ending November 30, 1858.

United States 200 Virginia 16,010 Wilmington 6,317 Dan'l Webster 32,786 Henry Clay 18,469			-			·		Ť	Pennsylvania, 25,318		_	Mississippi, 2,678	Meteor,	Maryland, 4,062		Goliuh,	Gnn Powder,	·	_	Cincinnati,		Brantz,	Brandywine,	Baltimore	America,	NAMES OF ENGINES. With Passenger Trains.	
	_				7.12	22		7,004			6,016		17,939			22,005		9,924						12,375	473	With Freight Trains.	MILES RUN
			43	1,066			134		143	9,478		1,902		1,039	-		10,507	6.10			659	8,850			I	With allother Trains.	RUN.
	18,469	32,786	7,342	17,583	947	22,882	13:	21,635	25,461	9,478	14,725	4,934	17.939	8,361	18,883	22,005	10,507	10,637	17,7.11	27,092	15,875	8.850	9.617	13,792	27,995	TOTAL.	,
	99 35	880 98	80 76F°		96 14			. 193 36				17 43	451 99	166 41	424 18	578 27	110 21	236 27	3-19 26	261 65	127 46				\$ 277 0	Expense for Material.	
310000	321		245	569		717	- 5			184		105	798	559			191 66		1,091			51				Expense for Labor,	REI
2000 17 210 000 10 010 010	423	1,762	4.12		195	1,24.	17		1,095		1.057	123	_	726	1,071			-71 -71 -71		2 1,017 17	567	S 576 S3	3 346 85	9 488 84	30 \$ 1,131 3	TOTAL.	REPAIRS.
040	.023	.051	.060						.043				.070					.073		.037			.036	.035	34 \$.040	Expense per Mile rnn.	-
36 365 64	120 40		47 55				2 40					37 83								263 88		81 46	46 17	19 SF1	\$ 135 30	Cost of Oil, Waste, &c.	O'BL WASTE. &c
A To	65	61	6.1	85	89	69	1 79	53	7.1	63	93	76	69	1 19	1 11	75	- 87	- 91	49	7.6	46	95	\$	1 08	S 48	Cost per 100 Miles run.	SPE. &c.

S.

Statement of Cars belonging to the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore

Rai' Road Company, November 30th, 1858.

DESCRIPTION OF CARS.	No.	REMARKS.					
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.							
Eight-wheel Passenger Cars, First Class, " " Second " Baggage Cars, " Express Cars, " Paymaster Car,	57 3 16 4 1	2 of which are new. 1 changed from Baggage to Express.					
Total,	81						
FREIGHT DEPARTMENT.							
Eight-wheel House Cars, "Platform Cars, "Dump Cars, "Stock Cars, "Lumber Trucks, "Gondola,	212 86 70 28 8	6 of which are new.					
Total,	405						
ROAD DEPARTMENT.							
Four-wheel Road Cars,	33 28	2 of which are new.					
Total,	61						
RECAPITULATION.							
Passenger Department, Freight "Road "	81 405 61						
Total,	547						

There has been broken up during the year, four eight-wheel Passenger Cars, one eight-wheel Gondola, and seven eight-wheel Platform Cars.